

# Transformer Feature-Fusion for IQ+FFT

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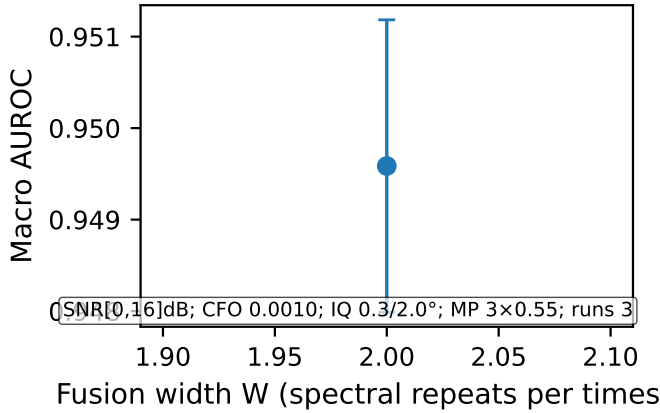


Fig. 1. Fusion ablation: macro-AUROC vs fusion width  $W$  (per-timestep spectral repetition concatenated with I/Q). Error bars: 95% CI over 3 runs. (Setup: SNR [0.0,16.0] dB; CFO 0.0010; IQ 0.3 dB / 2.0°; MP 3×0.55; runs 3; seq 128; FFT 256.)

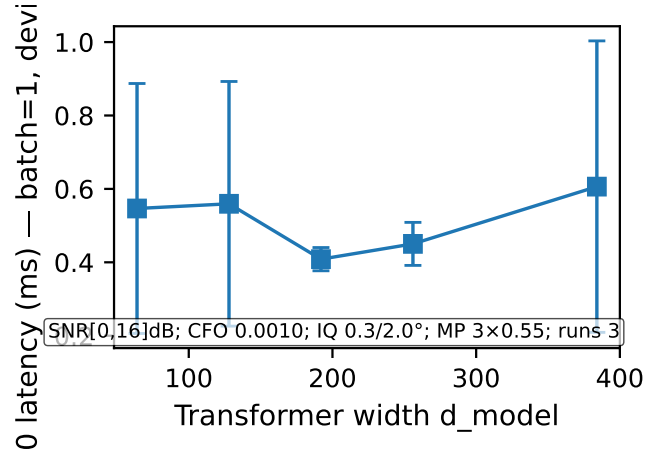


Fig. 2. Latency vs transformer width  $d_{model}$  at batch=1 on cuda. Error bars: 95% CI over 3 runs. (Setup: SNR [0.0,16.0] dB; CFO 0.0010; IQ 0.3 dB / 2.0°; MP taps 3 decay 0.55; runs 3; seq 128; FFT 256.)

**Abstract**—We fuse per-timestep spectral context with temporal I/Q by repeating a pooled FFT magnitude vector across time and concatenating it to the I/Q channels. A small Transformer over tokens ( $T=128$ ) learns cross-time interactions. We ablate the fusion width  $W$  (spectral channels per timestep) and report p50 latency vs  $d_{model}$ .

## I. METHOD

**Fusion.** For each signal, compute FFT magnitude (256 bins), pooled to  $W$  bands; repeat across  $T$  and concatenate with I/Q:  $x_t \in \mathbb{R}^{2+W}$ . **Model.** 2-layer Transformer encoder, mean-pooled, linear head. **Metrics.** Macro-AUROC and latency (batch=1, CPU).

Listing 1. Fusion tokens (per-timestep spectral repetition + I/Q).

```

1 def create_transformer_tokens(iq, T=128, F=256, W
2   =16):
3     fft = np.abs(np.fft.fftshift(np.fft.fft(iq, n=
4       F)))
5     fft = fft / (fft.max() + 1e-12)
6     bands = pool_to_width(fft, W)           #
7         length=W
8     I, Q = np.real(iq), np.imag(iq)         #
9         length approx T
10    I, Q = pad_or_crop(I, T), pad_or_crop(Q, T)
11    rep = np.repeat(bands[None, :], T, axis=0)
12    return np.concatenate([I[:,None], Q[:,None],
13      rep], axis=1) # (T, 2+W)

```

## II. RESULTS

### III. DISCUSSION

Small  $W$  gives a free boost (global spectral context) with negligible latency; very large  $W$  saturates AUROC and in-

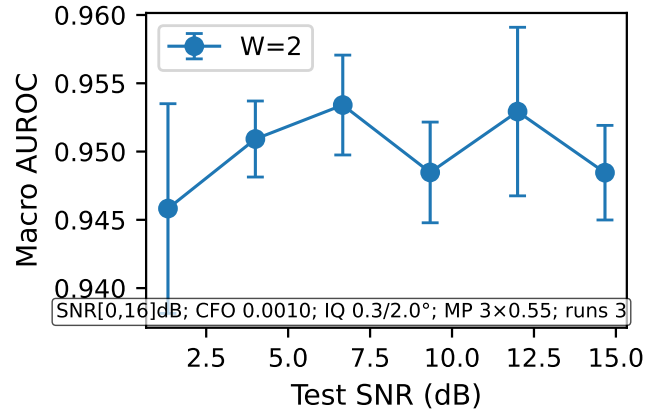


Fig. 3. Per-SNR macro-AUROC (x-axis) with series by fusion width  $W$  (legend). Error bars: 95% CI over 3 runs. (Setup: SNR [0.0,16.0] dB; CFO 0.0010; IQ 0.3 dB / 2.0°; MP taps 3 decay 0.55; runs 3; seq 128; FFT 256.)

creases compute. Latency scales roughly linearly with  $d_{model}$  at batch=1. A practical default is  $W \in [8, 16]$  and  $d_{model} \in [128, 256]$ .

Code: <https://github.com/bgilbert1984/rf-input-robustness>

	$W^*$	AUROC (mean $\pm$ CI)	Latency p50 (ms, $\pm$ CI)
Best	2	0.950 $\pm$ 0.002	0.42 $\pm$ 0.06

**TABLE I**  
BEST FUSION WIDTH  $W^*$ , AUROC (MEAN $\pm$ 95% CI), AND P50 LATENCY  
AT  $W^*$ .